

RELEASE AGENTS / DRY LUBRICANTS



CONVENIENT AEROSOLS

There are two aerosol formulations for use where hand spraying is convenient and economically feasible. One, MS-122, is for applications at room temperature. The other, MS-136, is for injection and other heated molding operations.

FLUOROCARBON BASED

The active ingredient in Miller-Stephenson Release Agents/Dry Lubricants is a tetrafluoroethylene telomer resembling Teflon®. This gives excellent adhesion to most substrates and results in an extremely low coefficient of friction. In addition there is:

■ NO DISCERNABLE TRANSFER

Miller-Stephenson mold release agents do not noticeably transfer to the molded part. There-

fore, they do not interfere with secondary processes such as printing, metalizing, bonding or other finishing operations. By staying on the mold, they work longer—yielding more release cycles from each spraying. This results in higher productivity.

■ NO MIGRATION

These release agents contain no silicones which can show up unexpectedly as oily residue in other work areas.

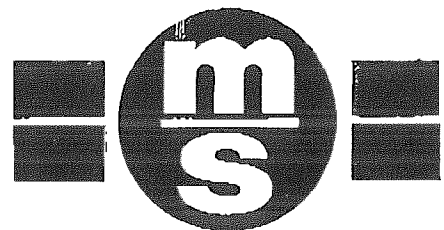
■ NO OILS OR WAXES

There is no gumming or charring; therefore, no need for harsh scraping and cleaning which can shorten mold life.

BROAD TEMPERATURE RANGE

Miller-Stephenson release agents are carefully formulated to meet expected operating conditions:

MS-122 RELEASE AGENT—for application on room temperature molds (up to 120°F/40°C).




NEWS NOTE!

These aerosol products are also available with a non-CFC (Chlorofluorocarbon) propellant. Should you wish a free sample or technical information, please call our Technical Service Department—1-800-892-2424 or (203) 743-4447 (4 Eastern Time). In Canada call 1-800-323-4621 (8-4 Eastern Time).

COMPATIBLE WITH MOST RESINS

Both formulations are designed to release a wide variety of resins:

MS-136
HEATED MOLDS

Rubbers/ Elastomers	Nylons Acetals
Structural Plastics (ABS, NORYL, etc.)	Cellulosic Plastic Ionomers
Polypropylene	Melamines
Polyesters (Thermoplastics; PET, PBT)	Phenolics Phenylene Oxides
Polyurethanes	Vinyls (PVC) Ureas.

MS-122 ROOM
TEMPERATURE MOLDS

Epoxies	Acrylics
Rubbers/ Elastomers	Polyurethanes Polycarbonates
Phenolics	Polypropylene
Nylons	Polystyrene

USED IN MANY TYPES OF MOLDS

Excellent release is obtained with a variety of mold materials:

Metals	Urethanes
Epoxies	Ceramics
Rubber/Elastomers*	Plastic

* Not recommended for multiple releases from silicone rubber molds

MANY DRY LUBRICANT APPLICATIONS

The outstanding lubricity of the tetrafluoroethylene solids incorporated in Miller-Stephenson Release Agents/Dry Lubricants is indicated by the low coefficient of friction. The following values were determined at 23 pounds per square inch: steel on steel, 0.11; aluminum on aluminum, 0.16; hardwood on hardwood, 0.10. The MS-122 aerosol is useful as a dry lubricant on many materials and applications:

Metals
Plastics
Rubber
Glass
Wood

Paper	Gears and Belts
Thread Connections	Wire
Cable	

USED IN MANY PROCESSES

These versatile products are used in a variety of operations:

Injection Molding	Encapsulating
Compression Molding	Masking
Transfer Molding	SMC Forming
Reaction Injection Mold (RIM)	Foaming
Potting	Prepeg Fabrication
Laminating	Filament Winding
	Wire Drawing

EXCELLENT FOR COMPLEX MOLDED PARTS

Miller-Stephenson release agents have proven themselves in the most complicated and demanding molded part configurations imaginable. Their extremely low coefficient of friction permits clean release with no discernible residue on molded parts. Distortion is virtually nonexistent—an extremely important criteria in precision molding.

PREPARING THE MOLD FOR FLUOROCARBON RELEASE AGENTS

The following procedure is suggested for cleaning molds before applying Miller-Stephenson's release agents:

1. Take the mold that needs cleaning and apply either MS-180 Freon TF to remove surface soils and particulates. MS-170 1,1,1-Trichloroethane solvent to remove heavy grease or MS-185 Freon TA solvent for removal of oils, rust preventatives and hard to remove mold releases.

2. Follow with a final rinse of MS-180 Freon TF.

3. The release agent must be agitated before and during use to prevent settling of the active ingredients.

4. Apply the release agent by dip, spray, brush, or wipe — allowing you to control the quantity of the release agent being applied. (It is suggested that for a good release, a 1-2 mil coat be applied.)

5. If oversprayed, residue may be removed with a soft cloth without affecting the release action.

Miller-Stephenson release agents dry quickly, and one application can provide multiple cycle releases.

PROPERTY SELECTION CHART	AEROSOLS		BULK LIQUIDS		WET PADS	
	MS-122 MS-122 RED *	MS-136	MS-143 MS-143 RED *	MS-145 *	MS-144 *	MS-143P
MOLD TEMPERATURE						
Room Temp. up to 120° F	●		●		●	●
Heated Molds 120° F to 550°		●		●		
METHOD OF APPLICATION						
Aerosol	●	●				
Brush			●	●	●	
Dip			●	●	●	
Spray Gun			●	●	●	
Wipe			●	●	●	●
CARRIER						
Solvent-based	●	●	●	●		●
Water-based						
EVAPORATION RATE						
Rapid	●		●			●
Moderate		●		●		
Slow						

* Available with red dye indicator or ultraviolet indicator

MATERIAL SELECTION CHART	AEROSOLS		BULK LIQUIDS		WET PADS	
	MS-122 MS-122 RED *	MS-136	MS-143 MS-143 RED *	MS-145 *	MS-144 *	MS-143P
SELECTION CRITERIA						
ABS		●		●		
Acetals		●		●		
Acrylics	●	●				●
Cellulosics		●		●		
Epoxyes	●		●			●
Ionomers		●		●		
Nylons	●	●	●	●		●
Phenolics	●	●	●	●		●
Phenylene oxides		●		●		
Polycarbonates	●		●			●
Polyesters* (thermoplastics)		●		●		
Polyurethanes	●	●	●	●		●
Rubber	●	●	●	●		●
SMC Materials		●		●		
Ureas		●		●		
Vinyls		●		●		

* Available with red dye indicator or ultraviolet indicator.
 ** Not recommended for wet-layup polyester.

PROCESS SELECTION CHART



AEROSOLS



BULK LIQUIDS



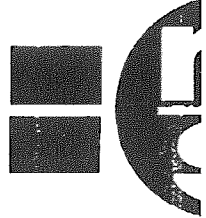
WET PADS

Compression Molding
Encapsulating
Filament Winding (hot mandrel)
Foaming
Injection Molding
Laminating
Masking
Potting
Prepeg Fabrication
Reaction Injection Molding (RIM)
Rubber Molding***
SMC Forming
Transfer Molding
Wire Drawing
Dry Lubricant

	MS-122 MS-122 RED *	MS-136	MS-143 MS-143 RED *	MS-145 *	MS-144 *	MS-143P
Compression Molding		•		•		
Encapsulating	•		•			•
Filament Winding (hot mandrel)	•	•	•	•		•
Foaming	•	•	•	•		•
Injection Molding		•		•		
Laminating	•		•			•
Masking	•		•			•
Potting	•		•			•
Prepeg Fabrication	•	•	•	•		•
Reaction Injection Molding (RIM)		•		•		
Rubber Molding***	•	•	•	•	•	•
SMC Forming		•		•		
Transfer Molding		•		•		
Wire Drawing	•		•			
Dry Lubricant	•		•	•		•

* Available with red dye indicator or ultraviolet indicator.
 *** Not recommended for multiple releases from silicone rubber molds.

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MILITARY/GOVERN



Aerosol

MS-122	Release Age Dry Lubricant
MS-122 Red	Release Age Dry Lubricant
MS-136	Release Age Heated Mold



Bulk for E Spray Gl

MS-143	Release Age Dry Lubricant
MS-143-20.0	Fluorocarbon Telomer Disp
MS-143-5.0	Fluorocarbon Telomer Disp
MS-143-2.5	Fluorocarbon Telomer Disp
MS-143-3.0	Fluorocarbon Telomer Disp
MS-143-1.0	Fluorocarbon Telomer Disp
MS-143-1.0	Fluorocarbon Telomer Disp

* Proposed changes Naval Sea System subject to modification. Not to be used 0761) Superseding MIL-L-60326 (MU) 197

PHYSICAL PROPERTIES— BULK LIQUIDS CHART



FLUOROCARBON RELEASE AGENTS

PRODUCT

Active Ingredients	Tetrafluoroethylene Solids	Tetrafluoroethylene Solids	Tetrafluoroethylene Solids
Diluent	Fluorocarbon solvents	Blend of chlorinated and fluorocarbon solvents	Water
Method of Application	Dip, Spray, Brush on room temperature molds. Available in Aerosol MS-122 or MS-122 Red *	Dip, Spray, Brush Available in Aerosol MS-136.	Dip, Spray, Brush Heated Molds. Especially suited for rubber molding. Not Available in Aerosol
Notes	For application to room temperature molds. Solids, concentrations available to meet MIL-L-60326 A Type I, II, III, IV, V.	Recommended for use on heated molds up to 550° F.	Recommended for use on heated molds up to 550° F. Water based: Do not store at temperature below 32° F/0° C.
Boiling Point	47.7°C/118°F	74°C/165°F	100°C/212°F
Specific Gravity @ 72°F/25°C (water = 1)	1.6	1.3	1.0
Vapor Pressure @ 69°F/20°C	334 mm hg.	120 mm hg.	17.5 mm hg.
Vapor Density @ 77°F/25°C (air = 1)	2.9	1.5	0.6
Toxicity OSHA 8 Hr. Time Weighted Average (TWA) Parts per million	1000 ppm	350 ppm	1000 ppm
Flammability	Non-flammable	Non-flammable	Non-flammable

▲ 5 Micron Average Particle Size.

* Available with red dye indicator or ultraviolet indicator.

